

News HPC Hardware HPC Software Industry Segments White Papers Resources Spec

Sign up for our newsletter and get the latest HPC news and analysis.

Email Address

Home » News » Fast Simulation with Generative Adversarial Networks

Fast Simulation with Generative Adversarial Networks

January 25, 2019 by Rich Brueckner

Leave a Comment

Fast Simulation with Generative Adversarial Networks



In this video from the <u>Intel User Forum</u> at SC18, Dr. Sofia Vallecorsa from CERN openlab presents: *Fast Simulation with Generative Adversarial Networks*.

> This talk presents an approach based on generative adversarial networks (GANs) to train them over multiple nodes using TensorFlow deep learning framework with Uber Engineering Horovod communication library.



FEATURED JOB

HPC System Administrator

American University of Sharjah Sharjah

Learn More »

Other Jobs

HPC Systems Engineer

<u>High-Performance</u> <u>Computing (HPC)</u> <u>Computational Scientist</u>

HPC Emerging Technology Researcher

<u>See all Jobs | Post a Job</u>

Fast Simulation with Generative Adversarial Networks - insideHPC

Preliminary results on scaling of training time demonstrate how HPC centers could *k* used to globally optimize AI-based models to meet a growing community need."

An award-winning effort a has demonstrated potenti significantly change how t physics based modeling a simulation communities v machine learning. The CEF team demonstrated that *A* based models have the pc to act as orders-of-magnit faster replacements for computationally expensive

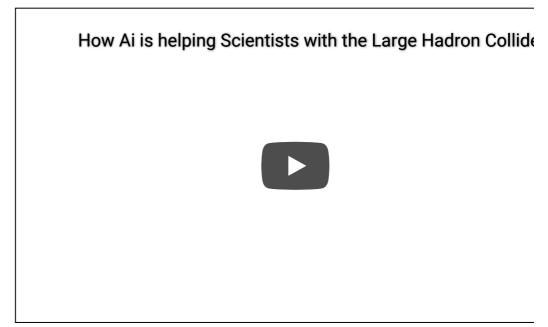
in simulation, while maintaining a remarkable level of accuracy.

Dr. Sofia Vallecorsa points out that the CPU based runtime is important as nearly all of Geant user base runs on CPUs.

• As scientists consider future CERN experiments, Vallecorsa observes, "Given future plans to upgrade CERN's Large Hadron Collider, dramatically increasing particle collision rates, frameworks like this have the potential to play an important role in ensuring data rates remain manageable."

This kind of approach could help to realize similar orders-of-magnitude-faster speedu computationally expensive simulation tasks used in a range of fields. Vallecorsa explai the data distributions coming from the trained machine-learning model are remarkab to the real and simulated data.

<u>CERN openlab</u> is a unique public-private partnership that accelerates the developmen cutting-edge solutions for the worldwide LHC community and wider scientific research Through CERN openlab, CERN collaborates with leading ICT companies and research institutes.



In this video from SC18 in Dallas, Dr. Sofia Vallecorsa from CERN OpenLab describes how A being used in design of experiments for the Large Hadron Collider.

See our complete coverage of SC18 in Dallas

Sign up for our insideHPC Newsletter

Related Content:

- <u>Video: Performance and Productivity in</u> <u>Big Data Era</u>
- <u>Video: How Ai is helping Scientists with</u> Large Hadron Collider
- <u>Raj Hazra from Intel presents: Our Jouri</u> <u>Accelerating</u>
- <u>Video: Computing for the Endless Front</u> <u>TACC</u>
- <u>Video: Intel Driving HPC on the Road to</u> <u>Exascale</u>

 Filed Under: Compute, Events, High Performance Analytics, HPC Hardware, HPC Software, Indus

 Segments, Machine Learning, Main Feature, News, Research / Education, Resources, Video
 Tag

 With: adversarial networks, AI, CERN, GANs, Intel, Intel User Forum, SC18, Weekly Newsletter Articles

Leave a Comment

	Name *
	Email *
	M/abaita
	Website
Notify me of follow-up comments by email.	
Notify me of new posts by email.	
Post Comment	

Resource Links:



÷

About insideHPC Contact Advertise with insideHPC